data (usually because there were no S-waves in the triggered data or the event was farther than 10° from KIV). The column labeled **nass** refers to the number of P and S arrivals that were associated with the hypocenter.

In addition to this abbreviated list of events, there is a complete bulletin and catalog given in an ASCII text file, *cnet.bulletin*, with all arrivals, time residuals, station to event distances, azimuths and back azimuths. The relational database distributed with this information product contains even more detailed information including hypocenter error ellipses in table **origerr**, corrected network magnitudes in table **netmag**, uncorrected station magnitudes in table **stamag**, complete arrival information including amplitude and period in table **arrival**, and arrival to event association information in table **assoc**.

Seismicity plots showing the distribution of events are given in figures 6 - 11 at several different scale factors. All of these are equal distance projections centered at station KIV. Events that were not in the PDE are shown as black filled symbols and events that were in the PDE are shown as grey filled symbols**.** The symbols are size coded according to magnitude.